Heatha mad

आयुक्त का कार्यालय Office of the Commissioner

केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील अहमदाबाद आयुक्तालय Central GST, Appeals Ahmedabad Commissionerate जीएसटी भवन, राजस्व मार्ग, अम्बावाड़ी, अहमदाबाद-380015

GST Bhavan, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad-380015 Phone: 079-26305065 - Fax: 079-26305136

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| (क) | फ़ाइल संख्या / File No. | GAPPL/COM/STD/509/2023/37を3ーなか | | |
| (ख) | अपील आदेश संख्याऔर दिनांक / Order-In –Appeal and date | AHM-EXCUS-001-APP-352/2023-24 and 28.03.2024 | | |
| (ग) | पारित किया गया / Passed By | श्री ज्ञानचंद जैन, आयुक्त (अपील) Shri Gyan Chand Jain, Commissioner (Appeals) | | |
| (ঘ) | जारी करने की दिनांक / Date of Issue | 08.04.2024 | | |
| (ङ) | Arising out of Order-In-Original No. 442/AC/Div-I/HKB/2022-23 dated 07-02-2023 passed by The Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division-I, Ahmedabac South | | | |
| (च) | अपीलकर्ता का नाम और पता / Name and Address of the Appellant | The Assistant Commissioner, Central GST, Division-I, Ahmedabad South. GST Bhavan, Ahmedabad. | | |
| (평) | प्रतिवादी का नाम और पता / Name and Address of the Responded | M/s. Mahendra Nanjibhai Thummar (HUF), 06, TF Sherusti 11 Nr. Nelson School, Nr. Ramji Mandir, Maninagar, Ahmedabad-380008. | | |

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील-आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील अथवा पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है, जैसा कि ऐसे आदेश के विरुद्ध हो सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way.

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन:-

Revision application to Government of India:

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली: 110001 को की जानी चाहिए:-

A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid:

(क) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानिकार खाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रकिया के दौरान हुई हो।

In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलें में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है।

In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।

In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

(घ) अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो डयूटी केडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं 2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनाँक से तीन मास के भीतरमूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ का मुख्य शीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(3) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये या उससे कम होतो रूपये 200/- फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्नरकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवा कर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

- (1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंतर्गत:-Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-
- (2) उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में 2^{nd} माला, बहुमाली भवन, असरवा, गिरधरनागर, अहमदाबाद-380004।

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2ndfloor, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad: 380004. In case of appeals other than as mentioned above para.

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac; 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registar of a branch of any nominate public.

sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.

(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल ओदश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढ़ी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता हैं।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संषोधित की अनुसूची -1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूलआदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रतिपर रू 6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention in invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) एके प्रति अपीलो के मामले में कर्तव्यमांग (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है। (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवाकर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा कर्तव्य की मांग (Duty Demanded)।

- (1) खंड (Section) 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;
- (2) लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशिय;
- (3) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि।

यह पूर्व जमा ' लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना मेंए अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है।

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994).

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

(6) (i) इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the ribunal payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in disput or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."

ORDER-IN-APPEAL

The following appeals have been filed under section 84(1) of the Finance Act, 1994 (hereinafter referred as 'the Act') by the Assistant Commissioner, CGST & C. Ex., Division–I, Ahmedabad South Commissionerate (hereinafter referred as 'appellant') in compliance to Order-in-Review Nos. 25/2023-24 dated 08.06.2023 passed by Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad South (hereinafter referred to as. the "the reviewing authority" also) against Order-in-Original No. 442/AC/Div-I/HKB/2022-23 dated 07.03.2023 (hereinafter referred as "the impugned order") passed by the Assistant Commissioner, CGST, Division – I, Ahmedabad South (hereinafter referred as "the adjudicating authority") in the case of M/s Mahendra Nanjibhai Thummar (HUF), 06, TF Sherusti 11, Nr. Nelson School, Nr. Ramji Mandir, Maninagar, Ahmedabad-380008 (hereinafter referred as "the Respondent').

| Sr. | Appeal No. & Date | Review Order | Order-In-Original No. & |
|-----|--|--------------|--|
| No. | | No. & Date | Date |
| 01. | GAPPL/COM/STD/509/2023- APPEAL Dated 13.06.2023 | • | 442/AC/Div-I/HKB/2022-23 dated 07.03.2023 |

2. Briefly stated, the facts of the case are that the respondent, having PAN No. AAJHM7455E had earned substantial service income during the F.Y. 2014-15. On scrutiny of the data received from Income Tax department, it was noticed that the respondent had earned an income of Rs. 68,51,372/- during the F.Y. 2014-15. Accordingly, it appeared that the respondent had earned the said substantial income by way of providing taxable services but had neither obtained Service Tax registration nor paid the applicable service tax thereon. The respondent were called upon to submit copies of required documents for assessment for the said period. However, the respondent had not responded to the letters issued by the department.



- 2.1 The respondent were issued Show Cause Notice bearing F.No. V/15-196/MAHENDRA NANJIBHAI THUMMAR (HUF)/2020-21 dated 22.12.2020 wherein:
- a) Demand and recover an amount of Rs. 8,46,829/- under the provision to Sub Section (1) of Section 73 of the Act along with interest under section 75 of the Act.
- b) Imposed penalty under Section 77(1) of the Act for failure to take service tax registration as per the provision of Section 69 of the Act, and penalty under Section 78 of the Act for non-payment of service tax by wilfully suppressing the facts from the department with intent to evade the payment of service tax.
- 4. The Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad South, in exercise of the power conferred on him under Subsection 1 of Section 84 of the Act in order to satisfy himself as to the legality and propriety of the impugned order, directed the adjudicating authority vide Review Order No. 25/2023-24 dated 08.06.2023 to file an appeal before undersigned within stipulated period for determination of the legality and correctness of the impugned order on the following grounds:
- ➤ As the adjudicating authority has extended the benefit of exemption under Sr. No. 14(a) of the Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 as amended to the service provider, it is pertinent to refer to the said provisions which are reproduced below:-
 - 14. -services by way of construction, erection, commissioning or installation of original work pertaining to
 - (a) an airport, port or railways including monorail or metro"
- From the text of the above provisions, it is clear that, the benefit of the exemption under Sr. No. 14(a) is available only to the main contractor directly engaged in providing services mentioned therein. In the present case, the service provider has merely

acted as sub-contractor and provided only labour services without material to the main contractor. Thus, the exemption under 14(a) supra is not available to the service provider.

- > The exemption available to a sub-contractor is provided under Sr. No. 29(h) of the Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 which reads as under -
 - (h) sub-contractor providing services by way of works contract to another contractor providing works contract services which are exempt.
- There is no dispute about the fact that the service provider has only provided labour services without supply of material/ goods to the main contractors and hence, services provided by the service provider were not work contract service. Accordingly, irrespective of the fact that whether the service provided by the main contractors is exempted or otherwise, the services provided by the service provider are not covered under Sr. no. 29(h) supra and hence not eligible for exemption under the said clause also.
- ➢ It is evident from the details of above that the services provided by sub-contractor are used by the main service provider for completion of his work does not in any way alter the fact of provision of taxable service by a sub-contractor. Services provided by sub-contractor are in the nature of input services. Service Tax is therefore leviable on any taxable service provided whether or not the services are provided by a person in his capacity as a sub-contractor or whether or not such services are used as input services. The fact that a given taxable service is intended for use as an input service by another service provider does not alter the taxability of the service provider. Consequently, the service provider is not entitled to the benefit of exemption from service tax under Sr. No. 14(a) of the exemption Notification No 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 as amended.



- 5. The respondent were called upon to file a memorandum of cross objection against the appeals. The personal hearing in the case was fixed on 22.01.2024, 15.02.2024, 15.03.2024, and 26.03.2024. Neither the respondent nor authorized representative on behalf of the respondent attended personal hearing on the above said dates. However, they submitted counter reply vide their letter dated 07.02.2024 under which they forwarded copy of work order issued by Larsen & Toubro Limited, Construction, Tamilnadu.
- Upon through review of the aforementioned order dated 6. 07.03.2023 and the submissions from both the appellant and the respondent, it is evident that the adjudicating authority failed to properly analyze the conditions of the exemption provided under Sr. No. 14(a) of Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 as amended. I find that the adjudicating authority granted exemption to the respondent based on the provision mentioned in 14(a) of the Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 that exempts "services by way of construction, erection, commissioning or installation of original work pertaining to an airport, port or railways including monorail or metro" from service tax. However, upon reviewing the aforementioned provision under sr. no. 14(a) of the Notification, I am of the view that the exemption under sr. no. 14(a) of the Notification is applicable to the main contractor directly engaged in providing the mentioned therein.
- 6.1 I concur with the appellant's assertion that the respondent acted as a subcontractor and provided only labor services without material to the main contractor. Furthermore, I agree with the appellant's view, which relies on Sr. No. 29(h) of the above Notification, allowing exemption to subcontractors providing services of works contracts to main contractor providing exempted works contract services. I find it necessary to illustrate excerpt of the Sr. No. 29(h) of the Notification No. 25/2012-ST dated 20.06.2012 as under:-

(h) sub-contractor providing services by way of works contract to another contractor providing works contract service which are exempt.

6.2 Considering the above provision, I do not have doubt that if the respondent, as a subcontractor had provided works contract services to main contractor providing exempted works contract services, they would have been exempted under 29(h) of the above mentioned notification. On perusing the work order copy submitted by the respondent, it is undisputable fact that the respondent solely provided labor services without the supply of material, hence their services do not fall within the ambit of works contract services. Consequently, the exemption under Sr. No. 29(h) is inapplicable to them.

7. In light of the foregoing analysis, it is evident that the services provided by the respondent, as a subcontractor, do not qualify for exemption under Sr. No. 14(a) or Sr. No. 29(h) of Notification No. 25/2012-ST. Hence, I am of the opinion that the adjudicating authority wrongly dropped the demand for service tax. Therefore, I find that the respondent is liable for demand of the erroneously dropped service tax amount of Rs. 8,46,829/- along with interest and penalty as proposed in the Show Cause Notice.

8. In view of the above the impugned order is set aside and the appeal filed by the appellant is allowed.

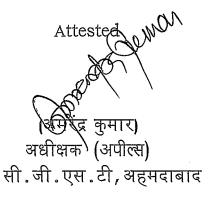
9. अपील कर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।

The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.

ज्ञानचंद जैन

आयुक्त (अपील्स

Date: 28.03.202



By RPAD / SPEED POST

To, The Assistant Commissioner, Central GST, Division-I, Ahmedabad South.

Appellant

M/s Mahendra Nanjibhai Thummar (HUF), 06, TF Sherusti 11, Nr. Nelson School, Nr. Ramji Mandir, Maninagar, Ahmedabad-380008

Respondent

Copy to:

- 1. The Principal Chief Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad Zone
- 2. The Principal Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad South
- 3. The Assistant Commissioner, Central GST, Division-I, Ahmedabad South.
- 4. The Supdt., CGST(Appeals), Ahmedabad (for uploading the OIA)
- 5. Guard File
 - 6. PA file



